

Southern Illinois University Carbondale OpenSIUC

2006

Conference Proceedings

7-19-2006

SAHRA Integrated Modeling Approach Towards Basin-Scale Water Resources Management

Hoshin V. Gupta et al.
University of Arizona

Follow this and additional works at: http://opensiuc.lib.siu.edu/ucowrconfs_2006
Abstracts of presentations given on Wednesday, 19 July 2006, in session 18 of the UCOWR
Conference.

Recommended Citation

Gupta et al., Hoshin V., "SAHRA Integrated Modeling Approach Towards Basin-Scale Water Resources Management" (2006). 2006.
Paper 53.
http://opensiuc.lib.siu.edu/ucowrconfs_2006/53

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Conference Proceedings at OpenSIUC. It has been accepted for inclusion in 2006 by an
authorized administrator of OpenSIUC. For more information, please contact opensiuc@lib.siu.edu.

SAHRA INTEGRATED MODELING APPROACH TOWARDS BASIN-SCALE WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

Hoshin V. Gupta, Professor, Department of Hydrology and Water Resources, Integrated Modeling Theme Leader, SAHRA, NSF Science & Technology Center for Sustainability of semi-Arid Hydrology and Riparian Areas, The University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ 85721, 520-626-6974, hosh_stc@hwr.arizona.edu

Yuqiong Liu, Research Associate, SAHRA, NSF Science & Technology Center for Sustainability of semi-Arid Hydrology and Riparian Areas, The University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ 85721, 520-626-6974, yqliu@hwr.arizon.edu

Everett P. Springer, Technical Staff Member Atmospheric, Climate and Environmental Dynamics Group, MS J495, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, 505-667-0569, everetts@lanl.gov

Water resources decisions in the 21st Century will have strong economic and environmental components and can therefore benefit from scenario analyses that make use of integrated river basin models. SAHRA (the National Science Foundation Science and Technology Center for Sustainability of semi-Arid Hydrology and Riparian Areas) is developing an integrated modeling framework based on four hierarchical levels – a physical systems model (including surface, subsurface and atmospheric components where appropriate), an engineering systems model (including agriculture, reservoirs, etc.), a human systems behavioral model (socio-economic components) and an institutional systems model (laws, compacts etc.). This integrated framework is rooted in a perceptual-conceptual systems model of the river basin and a database support structure. This paper describes the SAHRA approach to linking the various hierarchical levels and discusses how it is being applied to answer the question, under what conditions are water markets and water banking feasible? Integration of the four hierarchical levels will allow water resource managers to consider the trading of water rights and third party impacts in evaluating the potential for market-based mechanisms to allocate water resources effectively.

Contact: Hoshin V. Gupta, Department of Hydrology and Water Resources, Integrated Modeling Theme Leader, SAHRA, hosh_stc@hwr.arizona.edu, The University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ 85721, 520-626-6974